BOMBAY COURIER

EXTRAORDINARY.

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THE COURIER

EXTRAORDINARY.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1811.

THE Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleased to publish the following Despatches from His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Samuel Achmuty K. B. to the Right Honorable the Governor General, containing a report of the gallant and successful operations of the Troops employed in the Expedition to Java under the personal command of His Excellency Sir Samuel Achmuty.

Head Quarter Weltevreede
August 31st 1811.

MY LORD,

After a short but arduous campaign, the the Troops you did me the honor to place under my orders, have taken the Capital of Java, have assaulted and carried the Enemy's formidable works at Cornelis, have defeated and dispersed their collected force, and have driven them from the Kingdoms of Bantam and Jacatra. This brilliant success, over a well appointed and disciplined force, greatly superior in numbers, and in every respect well equipped, is the result of the great zeal, gallantry, and discipline, of the Troops, qualities which they have possessed in a degree, certainly never surpassed. It is my duty to lay before your Lordship, the details of their success, but it is not in my power, to do them the justice they deserve, or to express, how much their Country is indebted to them for their great exertions.

THE RIGHT HON'BLE LORD MINTO,
Governor Generals
&c. &c. &c.

Your Lordship is acquainted with the reasons, that induced me to attempt a landing, in the neighbourhood of Batavia. It was effected without opposition, at the Village of Chillinching, 12 miles East of the City, on the 4th instant. My intention was to proceed from thence, by the direct road to Cornelis, where the Enemy's force was said to be assembled in a strong fortified position, and to place the City of Batavia in my rear, from whence alone, I could expect to derive supplies, equal to the arduous contest we were engaged in. As some time was required, to make preparations for an inland movement. I judged it proper, to reconnoitre the road by the Coast leading to Batavia and observe how far it would be practicable, to penetrate by that route. I was aware, that it was extremely strong, and if well defended, nearly impracticable. Advancing with part of the Army; I had the satisfaction to find, that it was not disputed with us, and the only obstacle to our progress, was occasioned by the destruction of the Bridge, over the Anjol river; I approached the River on the 6th and observing during that Evening, a large fire in Batavia, I concluded it was the intention of the Enemy, to evacuate the City, and with this impression, I directed the advance of the Army under Colonel Gillespie, to pass the river in boats, on the succeeding night. They lodged themselves in the suburbs of the City, and a temporary bridge was hastily constructed, on the morning of the 8th capable of supporting light Artillery. On that day the Burghers of Batavia applied for protection, and surrendered the City without opposition, the Garrison having retreated to Weltevreede.

The possession of Batavia was of the utmost importance. Though large store Houses of Public property were burnt by the Enemy, previous to their retreat, and every effort made to destroy the remainder, we were fortunate in preserving some valuable granaries, and other stores. The City, although abandoned by the principal Inhabitants, was filled with an industrious race of people, who could be particulary useful to the Army. Provisions were in abundance, and an easy communication preserved with the fleet.

In the night of the 8th a feeble attempt was made by the Enemy to cut off a small guard, I had sent for the security of the place, but the Troops of the advance had unknown to them, reinforced the party early in the evening, and the attack was repulsed. The advance under Colonel Gillespie, occupied the City on the 9th.

Very early on the morning of the 10th I directed Colonel, Gillespie with his Corps, to move from Batavia towards the Enemy's Cantonments at Weltevreede, supported by two Brigades of Infantry, that marched before break of day through the City, and followed his route. The Cantonment was abandoned, but the Enemy were in force a little beyond it, and about two miles in advance of their works at Cornelis. Their position was strong, and defended by an Abbates, occupied by 3000 of their best Troops, and four Guns of Horse Artillery.—Colonel Gillespie attacked it with spirit and judgement, and after an obstinate resistance, carried it at the point of the Bayonet, completely routed their force, and took their Guns. A strong column from their works advanced to their support, but our line being arrived, they were instantly persued, and driven under shelter of their in Batteries.—In this affair, so creditable to Colonel Gillespie, and all the Corps of the advance, the Grenadier Company of the 78th and the Detachment of the 89th Regiment, particularly distinguished themselves by charging and capturing the enemy's Artillery.—Our loss was trifling compared with the enemy's, which may be estimated at about 500 men, with Brigadier General Alberti daugerously wounded.

Tho' we had hitherto been successful, beyond my most sanguine expectations, our further progress became extremely difficult, and some what doubtful. The enemy, greatly superior in numbers, was strongly entrenched in a position, between the great River of Jacatra and the Sloken an artificial water course, neither of which were fordable. This position was shut up by a deep Trench strongly palisaded, seven Redoubts and many Batteries, mounted with heavy cannon, occupied the most commanding grounds within the lines.—The Fort of Cornelis, was in the centre, and the whole of the works was defended by a numerous and well organized Artillery,—The season was too far advanced, the heat too violent, and our numbers insufficient, to admit of regular approaches. To carry the works by assult was the alternative, and on that I decided. In aid of this measure, I erected some Batteries, to disable the principal Redoubts, and for two days Kept up a heavy fire from twenty 18lbs and eight Mortars and Howitzers. Their execution was great and I had the pleasure to find, that though answered at the commencement of each day, by a far more numerous Artillery, we daily silenced their nearest Batteries, considerably disturbed every part of their position, and were evidently superior in our fire.

At dawn of day on the 26th the assault was made. The principal attack was intrusted, to that gallant and experienced officer, Colonel Gillespie. He had the Infantry of the advance, and the Grenadiers of the line with him, and was supported by Colonel Gibbs, with the 59th Regiment, and the 4th Battalion of Bengal Volunteers. They were intended to surprize, if possible, the redoubt No. 3, constructed by the enemy, beyond the Sloken, to endeavour to cross the Bridge over that stream with the fugitives, and then to assault the Redoubts, within the lines, Colonel Gillespie attacking those to the left, and Colonel Gibbs to the right. Lieutenant Colonel Mac'Cleod, with 6th Companies of 69th was directed to follow a path, on the bank of the great River, and when the attack had commenced on the Sloken, to endeavour to possess himself of the enemy's left Redoubt No. 2. Major Yule, with the Flank Corps of the Reserve, reinforced by two Troops of Cavalry, four Guns of the Horse Artillery, two Companies of the 69th and the Grenadiers of the Reserve, was directed to attack the Corps at Campong Malayo, on the West of the great River, and endeavour to cross the bridge at that Post. The remainder of the Army, under Major General Wetherall, was at the Batteries, where a column under Colonel Wood, consisting of the 78th Regiment, and the 5th Volunteer Battalion, was directed to advance against the enemy in front, and at a favorable moment, when aided by the attacks, to force his way, if practicable, and open the position for the line.

The Enemy was under arms, and prepared for the combat, & General Janfens, the Commander in Chief, was in the redoubt where it commenced Colonel Gillespie, after a long detowr through a clore and intricate country came on their advance, routed it in an instant, and with a rapidity never surpassed, and under a heavy fire of Grape, and Musquetry, possessed himself of the advanced redoubt No. 3. He passed the bridge with the fugitives; under as tremendous a fire, and assaulted, and carried with the Bayonet, the redoubt No. 4, after a most obstinate resistance. Here the two divisions of this column separated. Colonel Gibbs turned to the right, and with the 59th and part of the 78th, who had now forced their way in front, carried the redoubt No. 1. A tremenduous explosion of the Magazine of this work, (whether accidental or designed is not ascertained) took place at the instant of its capture, and destroyed a number of gallant officers and men, who at the moment were crowded on its ramparts, which the enemy had abandoned. The redoubt No. 2, against which Lieutenant Colonel M'Leod's attack was directed, was carried in as gallant a style, and I lament to state, that most valiant and experienced officer, fell at this moment of victory. The front of the position was now open and the troops reached in from every quarter.

During the operations on the right, Colonel Gillespie pursued his advantage to the left, carrying the enemy's redoubt towards the rear, and being joined by Lieutenant Colonel M'Leod of the 59th with part of that corps, he directed him to attack the park of Artillery, which that officer carried in a most masterly manner, putting to flight a body of the enemy's Cavalry, that formed and attempted to defend it. A sharp fire of musquetry was now kept up, by a strong body of the enemy, who had taken post in the lines, in front of Fort Cornelis, but were soon driven from them, the Fort taken and the enemy compleately dispersed. They were pursued by Colonel Gillespie, with the 14th Regiment, a party of Sepoys and the Seamen from the Batteries, under the command of Captain Sayer, of the Royal Navy. By this time the Cavalry, and Horse Artillery, had effected a passage through the lines, the former commanded by Major Travers, and the latter by Captain Noble, and with the Gallant Colonel at their head; the pursuit was continued, till the whole of the enemy's army was killed, taken, or dispersed.

Major Yule's attack was equally spirited, but after routing the Enemy's force at Capang Malayo, and killing many of them, he found the Bridge on fire, and was unable to penetrate further.

I have the honor to enclose a return, of the loss sustained, from our landing on the 4th to the 26th inclusive. Sincerely I lament its extent, and the many valuable and able Officers, that have unfortunately fallen; but when the prepared state of the Enemy, their numbers, and the strength of their positions, are considered, I trust it will not be deemed heavier, than might be expected; theirs has greatly exceeded it. In the action of the 26th the numbers killed were immense, but it has been impossible to form any accurate statement of the amount. About 1000 have been buried in the works, multitudes were cut down in the retreat, the rivers are choaked up with dead, and the huts and woods were filled with the wounded, who have since expired. We have taken near 5,000 Prisoners among whom are 3 General Officers, 34 Field Officers, 70 Captains, and 150 Subaltern Officers. General Janfens, made his escape with difficulty, during the action, and reached Baytinzorg, a distance of 30 Miles, with a few Cavalry, the sole remains of an Army of 10,000 men. This place he has since evacuated and fled to the Eastward. A detachment of our Troops is in possession of it.

The superior discipline, and invincible courage, which has so highly distinguished the British Army, were never more fully displayed, and I have the heartfelt pleasure to add, that they have not been clouded, by any acts of insubordination.

I have the honor to enclose a copy of the orders I have directed to be issued, thanking the Troops in general, for their services, and particularizing some of the Officers, who from their rank or situation, were more fortunate that their equally gallant companions, in opportunities of distinguishing themselves, and serving their Sovereign and their country.

But I must not omit noticing to your Lordship the very particular merit of Colonel Gillespie, to whose assistance in planning the principal attack, and to whose gallantry, energy and judgement, in executing it, the success is greatly to be attributed.

To the General Staff of the Army, as well as my own Staff, I feel myself particularly indebted. The professional knowledge, zeals and activity of Colonel Eden, Quarter Master General, have been essentially useful to me, but I cannot express, how much I have benefitted, by the able assistance and laborious exertions of Colonel Agnew; the Adjutant General, an Officer, whose active and meritorious services, have frequently attracted the notice, and received the thanks of the Governments of India.

It is with particular pleasure I assure your Lordship, that I have received the most cordial support, from the Honorable Rear Admiral Stopford, and Commodore Broughton, during the period of their commanding the Squadron. The former was pleased to allow a body of 500 Seamen, under that valuable Officer, Captain Sayer, of the Leda, to assist at our Batteries. Their services were particularly useful, and I have the satisfaction to assure you, that both the Artillery and Engineers were actuated by the same zeal, in performing their respective duties, that has been so conspicuous in all ranks and departments, though from the deficiency of the means at their disposal, their operations were unavoidably embarrassed, with uncommon difficulties.

I have the honor to be
With the greatest respect
Your Lordship
Most Obedient
Humble Servant
S. AUCHMUTY,
Lt. General,

A TRUE COPY
THO. RAFFLES,
Secretary to the Governor General.

Digitized with financial assistance from the
Government of Maharashtra
on 08 April, 2017

Return of Killed Wounded and Missing of the Army Commanded by His Excellency Sir Samuel Auchmuty since it's landing on the Island of Java on the 4th of August 1811. until the 26th August 1811, since when no casualities have occurred. Head Quarters of the Army near Batavia 31st August.

CORPS,

KILLED

EUROPEANS,

Madras Horfe Artillery Rank and File 2,—H. M. 22d Dragoons, Lieutenant 1,—Rank and File 1,—Royal Artillery Lieutenant 1,—Rank and File 1,—Bengal Artillery and Golundauze, Enfign 1,—Rank and File 3,—Battalion of Royal Marines, Rank and File 3,—H. M. 14th Regiment, Captain 1,—Serjeants 2,—Rank and File 9,—H. M. 59th Regiment, Captain 1,—Lieutenants 3,—Enfign 1,—Serjeants 2,—Rank and File 16.—H. M. 69th Regiment, Lieutenant Colonel 1,—Captain 1,—Lieutenant 1,—Serjeants 2,—Rank and File 12,—H. M. 78th Regiment, Lieutenant 1,—Rank and File 33,—H. M. 89th Regiment Rank and File 11,—3d Vol. Battalion of Bengal N. I. Staff Serjeant 1,—Flank Battalion of the Reserve, Lieutenant 1,—Madras Pioneers, Serjeant 1.

NATIVES,

Governor General's Bengal Body Guard, Rank and File 1,—Bengal Gun Lafcars (attached) Jemadar or 1 Tindal,—Rank and file 1,—Light Infantry Vol. Battalion Bengal N. I. Rank and File 7,—3d Vol. Battalion Bengal N. I. Havaldar 1,—Rank and File 9,—5th Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Subadar or Syrang 1,—Jemadar or Tendal 1,—5th Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Havaldar 1,—Rank and File 4.

WOUNDED

EUROPEANS,

Madras Horfe Artillery Lieutenant 1,—Rank and File 6,—H. M. 22d Dragoons, Lieutenant 1,—Serjeant 1.—Rank and File 18,—Bengal Engineers Captain 1,—Madras Engineers Enfign 1,—Royal Artillery Lieutenants 2,—Rank and File 9,—Bengal Artillery and Golundauze, Captain 1,—Rank and File 12,—Battalion of Royal Marines, Lieutenants 2, Sergeants 3,—Rank and File 22,—H. M. 14th Regiment, Major 1,—Capt. 1.—Lieuts. 2,—Enfign 1,—Sergeants 7,—Rank and File 83,—H. M. 59th Regiment, Lieut. Colonel 1,—Capt. 1,—Lieutenants 8,—Enfign 1,—Serjeants 3,—Drums and Fife 2,—Rank and File 120,—H. M. 69th Regiment, Lieut Colonel 1,—Lieutenant 6,—Serjeants 2,—Rank and File 58,—H. M. 78th Regiment Lieut. Colonel 1,—Capts. 3,—Lieuts. 2,—Enfign 1,—Serjeants 12 Rank and File 124,—H. M. 89th, Major 1,—Captain 1,—Lieuts. 7,—Staff Serjeant 1,—Serjeants 4,—Rank and File 62,—Light Infantry Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Capt. 1,—Lieut. 1,—3d Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Majors 2,—Capt. 1,—Lieut. 1,—5th Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Lieuts. 2,—6th Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Majors 2,—Capt. 1,—Lieut. 1,—General Staff Capt. 1,—Staff of the Advance Drums and Fife 1.

NATIVES,

Governor General's Bengal Body Guard Rank and File 5,—Bengal Artillery and Golundauze Drums and Fife 1,—Rank and File 1,—Bengal Gun Lafcurs (attached) Subadar or Syrang 1,—Jemadar or Tindal 1,—Rank and File 2,—Light Infantry Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Subadar or Lyrang 1,—Jemadar or 1 Tendal 3,—Rank and File 14,—3d Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Jemadar or 1 Tindal,—Rank and File 2,—4th Vol Bat. Bengal F. I. Havaldar 1,—Rank and File 26,—5th Vol. Bat. Bengal N. I. Rank and File 22,—6th Vol. Bat N. I. Subadar or Syrang 1,—Jemadar or 1 Tindal,—Havaldar 3,—Rank and File 28,—Flank Bat. of the Reserve Rank and File 4,—Staff of the Advance Rank and File 1.

MISSING,

H. M. 14th Regiment Rank and File 1,—H. M. 69th Regt. Rank and File 6,—H. M. 78th Regt. Rank and File 1,—H. M. 89th Regiment Rank and File 3,—6th Vol Bat. Bengal N. I. Rank and File 2,—Madras Pioneers Rank and File 1,

Total Killed Eu. Lieut. Col. 1,—Capts. 3,—Lieuts. 9, Enfigns 2,—Staff Serjeants 1,—Serjeants 6,—Rank and File 91,—Na. Subadaur and Syrang 1,—Jemadaur or 1ft Tindal 2,—Havaldar 2,—Rank and File 23.

Total Wounded, Eu. Lieut. Col. 3,—Majors 2,—Captains 14,—Lieutenants 26,—Enfigns 7,—Staff Serjeants 1,—Serjeants 32,—Drummers and Fife 2,—Rank and File 518:—Na. Subadaurs 2,—Jemadars 4,—Havaldars 9.—Drumer and Fifer 1,—Rank and File 107.

Total Miffing, Rank and File 13.

Total Killed, Wounded and Miffing, Eu. 734:—Na. 185.

N. B. of the above Liſt there were of Killed Wounded and Miſſing as follows.

EUROPEANS.

From the 4th to the 19th Auguſt, Killed Rank and and File 14,—Wounded Officers 4,—Rank and File 70.

From the 19th to the 25th Auguſt Killed Subaltern 1,—Rank and File 15,—Wounded Subalterns 2,—Rank and File 46,—Miſſing 1.

26th Auguſt Killed, Officers 6,—Rank and File 59.—Wounded Officers 27,—Drummers 2,—Rank and File 397,—Miſſing 10.

NATIVES.

From the 4th to the 19 Auguſt, Wounded Rank and File 3,—Miſſing 1.

From the 19th to the 25th Auguſt, Killed Rank and File 7,—Wounded Officers 2,—Drammers 1,—Rank and File and 24.

26th Auguſt Killed Officers 2,—Havildars 2,—Rank and File 16,—Wounded Officers 4,—Havildars 9 Rank and File 80,—Miſſing 1.

(Signed.)
P. A. AGNEW.
Adjutant General.

(A True Copy)
John Raffles
Secretary to Government.

RETURN of Officers Killed, Wounded and Miſſing in the Army under the Command of His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir S. Auchmuty from it's landing on the Island of Java on the 4th August until the 26th August 1811.

KILLED

FROM THE 4TH TO THE 19TH AUGUST.

Lieutenant Munro, H. M. 78th Regt.

WOUNDED.

Captain Thorn, ſlightly. Staff of the Advance,

Captain Ramſay, ſeverely, H. M. 89th Regiment,

Captain Cameron, H. M. 78th Regiment,

Lieutenant French ſlightly } H. M. 89 do.
Lieutenant Young ſlightly }

Lieutenant Robinſon, H. M. 69th Regt.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Driffield ſeverely, Horſe Artillery,

Enſign Nihiſſon, ſeverely, H. M. 14, Regt.

KILLED

ON THE 22D AND 24TH AUGUST.

Lieutenant P. Patton Royal Artillery,

Lieutenant G. Shipperd, Madras Pioneers,

Lieut. Fireworker Tarnaby, Bengal Foot Artillery.

WOUNDED

Lieutenant Col. Clarges, ſince dead, H. M. 69th Regiment,

Captain F. Shaw, 6th Volunteer Battalion B. N. I.

Captain Smith Bengal Engineers.

Captain Richards Bengal Artillery,

Lieutenant Mitchell H. M. 69th Regt.

Lieutenant W. Colebrooke Adjutant Royal Artillery,

Lieutenant E. S. Munro Royal Artillery,

Enſign N. M'Cleod, ſince dead, Madras Pioneers,

Enſign R. Pringle 6th Volunteer Battalion Bengal N. I.

Enſign D. Sim, Madras Engineers.

KILLED

ON THE 26TH AUGUST.

Lieutenant Col. W. M'Cleod, H. M. 69th Regiment,

Captain M. Kennedy, H. M. 14th Regt.

Captain W. Olpherts, H. M. 59th Regt.

Captain P. Roſs, H. M. 69th Regiment.

Lieutenant Hutchion, H. M. 22d Dragoons

Lieut. W. Warring, H. M. 59th Regt.

Lieutenant R. Litlon, Ditto.

Lieutenant J. Lloyd, Ditto

Lieutenant W. A. Hipkins, H. M. 69th Regiment,

Lieutenant Ferguſon, 20th M. N. I.

Enſign Wolfe, H. M. 59th Regiment.

WOUNDED,

Lieutenant Col. A. M'Leod, H. M. 59th Regiment,

Major R. Butler, ſeverely, H. M. 89th Regimen'.

Major Miller, H. M. 14th Regiment,

Major W. Campbell, ſince dead, H. M. 78th Regiment,

Captain S. Fraſer, 6th Bengal N. I.

Captain Stannus, H. M. 14th Regiment.

Capt. J. Campbell M. M. 59 Regiment,

Capt. W. M'Kenzie Slightly H. M. 78 Regiment,

Capt. J. Mc'Pherſon Slightly,—Ditto,

Capt. Campbell 4, Bengal Volt. Bat.

Capt. Knight Slightly,——Do.

Capt. M'Pherſon 6 Bengal Vol. Bat.

Lieut. Hanſon Slightly ſtaff to Col. Gillecpie,

Lieut. Dudley, ſeverely H. M. 22 Dragoons,

Lieut. J. Cairns Slightly H. M. 89 Regt.

Lieut. Daniel, Slightly, Ditto.

Lieut. J. Rowe, ſeverely. Ditto.

Lieut. C. Coates, Slightly, Ditto.

Lieut. and Adjt. Young Slightly, Ditto.

Lieut. Haſwell Bat. of Royal Marines,

Lieut. Elliot. Ditto.

Lieut. J. Pearſon, Light Infantry Vol. Bat.

Lieut. M'Kenzie, H. M. 14th Regt.

Lieut. Coglan, Ditto.

Lieut. M'Donald, 5th Bat. Bengal Vol.

Lieut. E. M'Pherſon. H. M. 59th Regt.

Lieut. J. Butler, ſeverely Ditto.

Lieut. T. Sampſon, ſlightly Ditto.

Lieut. J. Dillon, Ditto.

Lieut. J. P. Pennyfather, ſlightly Ditto.

Lieut. Gordon, ſlightly Ditto.

Lieut. Lowe, Ditto 24th M. N. I.

Lieut. Jourdou, Ditto 10th Ditto.

Lieut. C. Lowrie, H. M. 69th Regiment Light Infantry Battalion.

Lieut. Jenaur. Ditto.

Lieut. D. M'Pherſon, Ditto.

Lieut. W. H. Burroughs, Ditto.

Lieut. W. Matheſon, ſeverely H. M. 78th Regiment.

Lieut. R. Heart, ditto ditto.

Lieut. Hunted, ſlightly 4th B. V. B.

Lieut. Murrall, ſlightly 6th B. V. B.

Enſign Waters, H. M. 59th Regiment.

Enſign J. Pennycuicke, 78th.

Enſign T. Anſtice, ſlightly 4th V. B.

(Signed) R. A. AGNEW.
Adjutant General.

A True Copy,
THOMAS RUFFLES,
Sec. to the Govr, Gen.

MEMORANDUM,

Of the Number and Rank of Officers, Priſoners of War.

Brigadiers 3;—Colonels 5,—Majors 4,—Lieutenant Colonels 21,—Commiſſary of War, 1ſt Claſs, 1,—Aſſiſtant do. do. 1,—Do. do. 2d Claſs 2.—Captains 70,—Lieutenants 134,—Amboineſe Lietenants 7,—Native do, 3,—Sub Adjutants 5,—Cadet 1.—Total Lt. 150.

N. B. From the number of Priſoners hourly arriving, and the many wounded whom it has not yet been poſſible to collect, the actual number of priſoners muſt conſiderably exceed the above ſtatement, which includes the Commandants of Cavalry, Artillery, and Engigneers, of the Army of Java, with three Aids-du-Camp of the Governor General and Commander in Chief.

(Signed) P. A. AGNEW,
Adjutant General

A True Copy THO. RAFFLES,
Sec. to the Governor Gen.

Head Quarters,
Weltevreede,
31ſt Auguſt, 1811.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,
F. WARDEN,
Chief Sec. to Govt.

BOMBAY.

BIRTHS. On Saturday laſt the Lady of Robert Stewart, Eſq, 2d Member of the Medical Board of a daughter.

On Sunday night the Lady of John Elphinſton Eſq. Member of Council, of a ſon.

DEATH. Mr. William S. Thomſon, of the Scalby Caſtle.

BOMBAY:—Printed for the PROPRIETORS by SAMUEL RANS, Number 7, Forbes Street.

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on 08 April, 2017